

TIMELINE

UNLEARNED LESSONS Germany

Meeting 7.-10. May 2014 in Lodz

XIXth CENTURY (FROM 1848 TO 1878)

1848

1848 Membership in political associations forbidden for women

1849 Beginnings of the women's movement, first women's newspaper (Louise Otto-Peters)

1850

1850 The women's magazine forbidden by law (Lex Otto)

1865 Founding of the first women's association ADF by Louise Otto-Peters and Auguste Schmidt. Goals: women's education, protection of women workers, right to vote, equal rights. Founding of the ADF Association Newspapers „Neue Bahnen“ (New directions)

1872 According to the Penal Code: Abortion §218, Male Homosexuality §175, Procuring/proxenetism §180 are forbidden

1875 Standard guidelines for civil marriage in the various German states

1878 First legal regulations for maternity leave

1880

XIXth CENTURY (FROM 1882 TO 1896)

1882

1882 Health and death insurance for women and girls founded (death insurance valid until 2004, after only through private insurance).

1886 Dissolution of the female workers' associations

1886 The first organisation of the radical wing of the middle-class women's movement (Minna Cauer)

1890

1890 Foundation of "General German Female Teachers Association" ADLV (Helene Lange)

1891 First law of women workers . Women working underground is forbidden, eleven hours working day , four weeks rest period after birth

1893 High school for girls (Gymnasium);

1896 First female high school graduates

XX (FROM 1900 TO 1958)

1900

1900 Civil Code (Husband has sole right of decision in all marriage and family issues) 1900-1958

1900 – 1908 Admission of women at university in Germany

1918 Women have right to vote

1908 Women are allowed to participate in political association and parties

1920 Women are allowed to take post-doctoral qualifications

1933 The NS Government reduces the number of female students to 10%

1933 The NS Government deprives women of the passive vote right

1949 Equality of men and women in the constitution
(Elisabeth Selbert)

1950

1958 The patriarchal rights are degraded, Equality of men and women in the Civil Code (Elisabeth Schwarzhaupt)

XX (FROM 1960 TO 1996)

1960

1960 Contraceptive pill

1974 Abolition of the procreation paragraphe

1976 ,Reform of marriage and family law, statutory roles in marriage abolished

1977 Principle of partnership in marriage law

1977 New divorce law

1979 Reform of legal penalty – Rape in marriage and forced sexual acts are subject to penalty

1980

1980 Equal treatment of men and women anchored in the Civil Law (the same salary for the same work, gender-neutral job posting)

1990

1992 Pregnancy conflict law, counselling is a duty before abortion

1993 Marriage partners can keep their own family name

1994 Advancement of women and protection of employees against sexual harassment

1996 Right to a place in the kindergarten

FROM 1997 TO 2010

1997

← **1997** Foreign wives, who are victims of conjugal violence, acquire independent right of residence in Germany

2000

← **2001** Registered civil partnerships of homosexual women's and men's couples have almost the same right as hetero-marriages

← **2006** EU-Regulations for General Equal Treatment Act are implemented in Germany

2010

← **2010** Bashing partners have to leave the accomodation

POLITICIANS / WOMEN'S RIGHTS

Elisabeth Selbert

*1896 (Kassel)
† 1986 (Kassel),
Politician, lawyer

Amalie Struve

* 1824 (Mannheim)
† 1862 (New
York) Germany
Fields of activity:
activities for freedom
of press, fight for
women's rights

Elisabeth Schwarzhaupt

*7.Januar 1901 ,
† 30.Oktober 1986
(Frankfurt am Main)
Fields of activity:
First female
Federal minister

Helene Lange

* 09.04.1848
(Oldenburg)
† 30.05.1930
(Berlin) Germany
Fields of activity: rights
of women, education,
policy

Agnes Schultheiß

* 09.01.1873 (Danzig)
† 10.12.1959 (Ulm) Germany
Fields of activity:
policy, social reforms

FEMINISTS / WOMEN'S RIGHTS

Minna Cauer
1841 – 1922 (Berlin)
Feminist

Lida Gustava Heymann

* 15.03.1868 (Hamburg)
† 31.07.1943 (Zürich)

Anita Augspurg

* 22.09.1857 (Verden an der
Aller) † 20.12.1943 (Zürich)

Hedwig Dohm

* 20.09.1831 (Berlin)
† 01.06.1919
Feminist, Author

Louise Otto-Peters

*26.3.1819 in Meißen
†13.3.1895 in Leipzig
Fields of activity:
Author, publicist, Policy

Louise Dittmar

* 07.09.1807 (Darmstadt) † 11.07.1884
(Darmstadt) Germany
Fields of activity: women rights activist, publicist,
philosopher

SOCIAL AND EDUCATIONAL REFORMERS

Anna Essinger

* 15.09.1879 (Ulm)

† 30.05.1960 (Otterden)
Fields of activity: reform
pedagogue, civil courage
activist, pacifist

Auguste Sprengel

* 09.08.1847 (Waren)

† 21.10.1934
(Berlin) Germany
Fields of activity:
educationalist

Hope Bridges Adams Lehmann

* 17.12.1855 (Halliford near
London) † 10.10.1916

(München) Germany
Fields of activity: doctor, social and
educational reformer, social
democrat

Lina Morgenstern

* 25. 11.1830 † 16.

12.1909 Germany
Fields of activity: pacifist,
social reformist

SCIENTISTS

Margot Becke-Goehring

* 10.06.1914 (Allenstein, East Prussia) † 14.11.2009 (Heidelberg)

Fields of activity: German chemist and the first female rector of a West German university

Margarethe von Wrangell

*1877 (Moskau)

† 1932

Hohenheim/ Germany

Fields of activity: scientist

Rahel Hirsch

* 15.09.1870 (Frankfurt am Main)

† 06.10.1953 (London)

Fields of activity: doctor

Ida Tacke-Noddack

* 25.2.1896

(Lackhausen/Wesel)

† 24.9.1979 (BadNeuenahr)

Fields of activity: Science

Hermine Heusler-Edenhuizen

* 16.03.1872 (Burg Pewsum bei Emden) † 26.11.1955

(Berlin) Germany

Fields of activity: women's doctor

Agnes Pockels

* 14.02.1862 (Venice)

† 21.11.1935 Braunschweig) Germany

Fields of activity: scientist

ARTISTS / AUTHORS

Elisabeth Treskow

* 02.08.1898 (Bochum)

† 06.10.1992 (Brühl, near
Cologne) Germany

Fields of activity: master goldsmith,
artist, professor

Ricarda Huch

*18.07.1864 Braunschweig

†17.11.1947 Schönberg/Taunus

Fields of activity: authoress,
poetess, historian

Kasia von Szadurska

*23.02.1886 (Moskow)

† 03.04.1942 (Berlin) Germany

Fields of activity: Painter